Ans1 HTML5 is far more dynamic and incorporates multimedia components than previous versions of HTML, which enables you to design mostly static web pages that need to be spiced up with CSS and JavaScript. It comes with built-in video and audio functionality and the ability to create games and animations.

Ans2. A semantic element clearly describes its meaning to both the browser and the developer. Examples of non-semantic elements: <div> and <span> - Tells nothing about its content. Examples of semantic elements: <form> , <table> , and <article> - Clearly defines its content.

Ans3. Semantic HTML tags are tags that define the meaning of the content they contain. For example, tags like <header>, <article>, and <footer> are semantic HTML tags. They clearly indicate the role of the content they contain. On the other hand, tags like <div> and <span> are typical examples of non-semantic HTML elements.